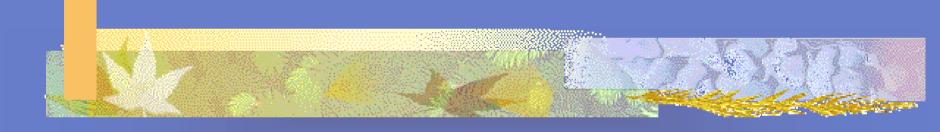
Linkages Between Social, Political and Economic Activities and Coastal Louisiana's Miss. River Delta Ecosystems:

Pollution and Nutrient Overloads



Shirley Laska, University of New Orleans Darryl Malek-Wiley

Outline

Case #1 Local Sources/Impacts/
 Interventions/Outcomes in the <u>Pontchartrain Basin</u>

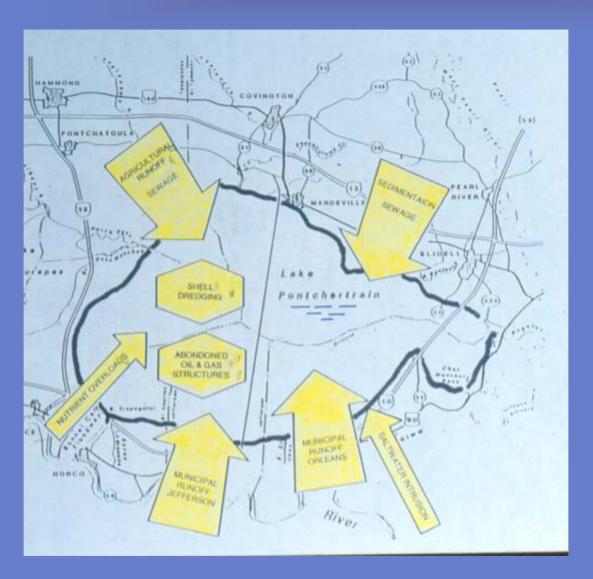
- Case #2 Distant (<u>Upstream</u>) Sources/Interventions and Local (<u>Basin and Gulf</u>) Impacts/Outcomes
- Identifying Relevant Human Activities and Developing Metrics

Pollution in the Pontchartrain Basin

Lake Pontchartrain Basin



Pollution Sources



Shell Dredging



Sewage Discharge



Cracks Are Common in Old Pipe



- May Lead to Structural Failure
- Allows Groundwater to Enter (Infiltrate) Sewer

Urban Runoff



Storm Water Discharge



Agricultural Runoff

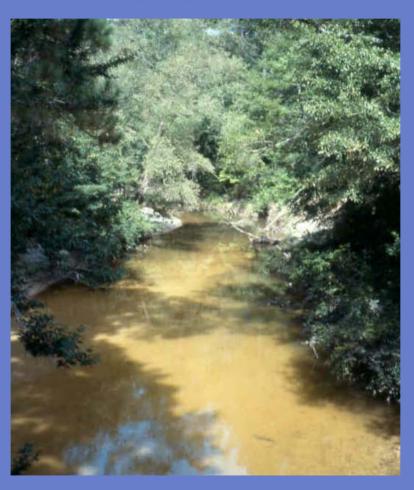


Livestock Runoff



Impacts

Polluted Rivers



Algal Blooms



Dead Zones/ Fish Kills



Beach Closings



Interventions

LPBF Created in 1989



Lake Pontchartrain Basin Foundation

- Initially outgrowth of Causeway Commission, public authority
- Later given autonomous n.g.o. status by state legislature
- Funded by EPA grants, citizen contributions, foundations
- Strong promotion and citizen involvement efforts

Outreach/ Public Events



Fishing Rodeo



"Back to the Beach"

Public Participation



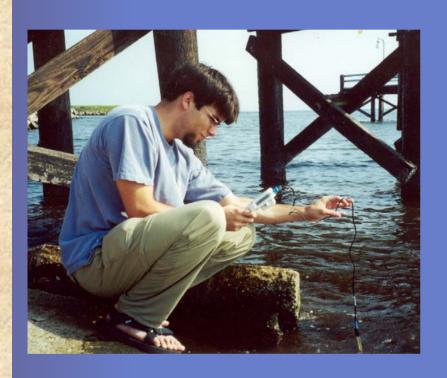


Comprehensive Management Plan

Blueprint for Pontchartrain's restoration Developed jointly by 98 entities:

- Citizen groups
- Local, state, and federal agencies
- Parish and municipal governments
- Business community/ chambers
- Agriculture community
- Commercial and recreational fishing
- Universities

Water Quality Monitoring





Education/Outreach



Repairing Sewer Lines



Livestock Waste Lagoon Construction



Sea grass Planting



Tree Planter/ Reforestation



Big Branch Refuge Created

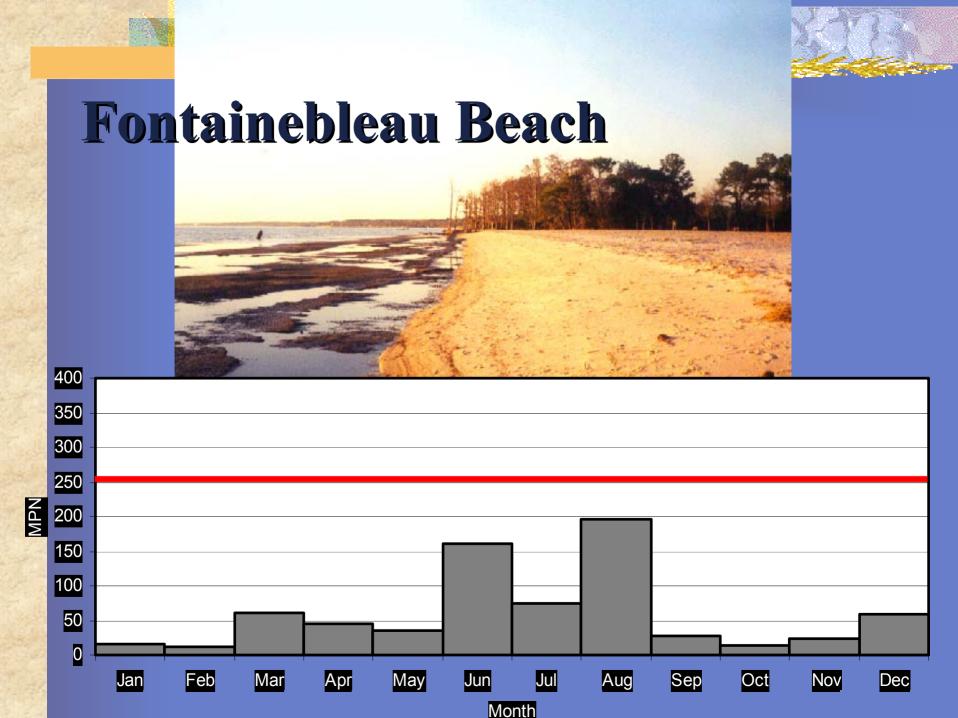


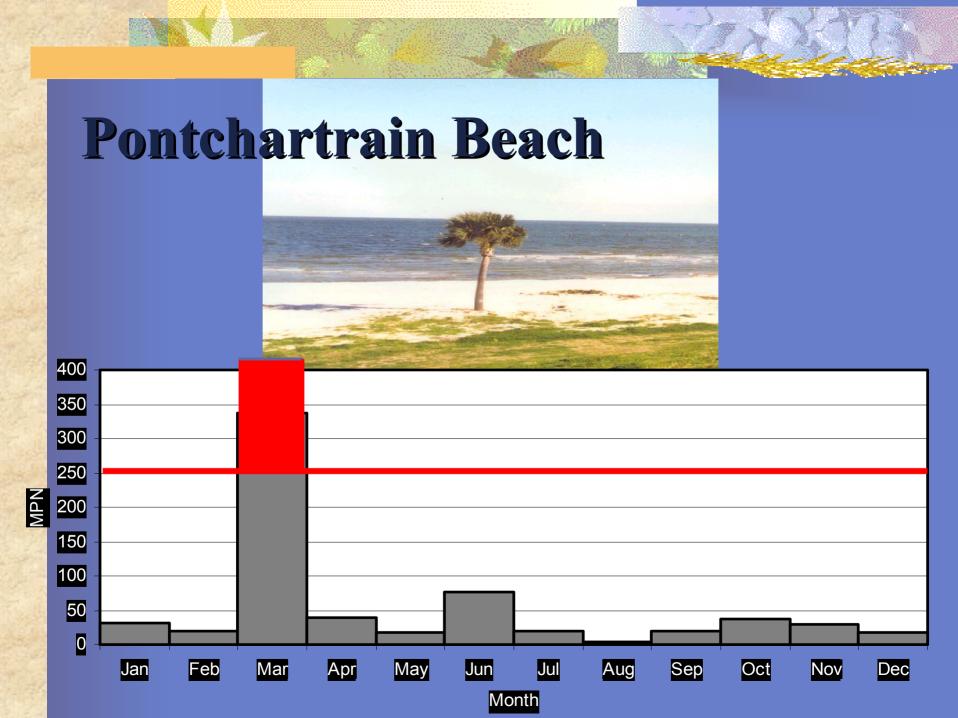


Bringing Back the Wetlands



Outcomes





Water is clarified



Wildlife returns

(Manatee)







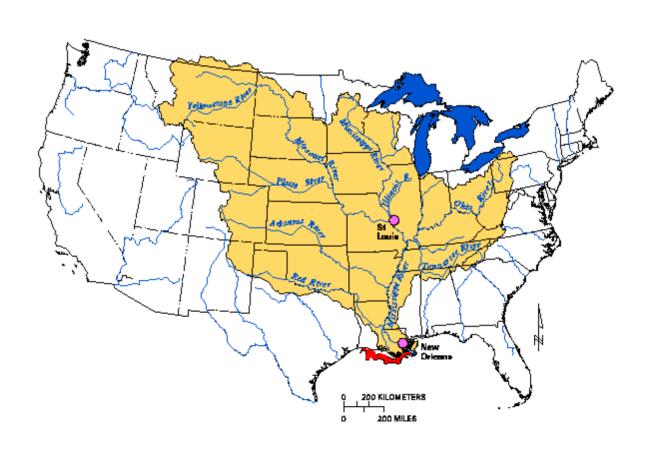
Recreational uses restored

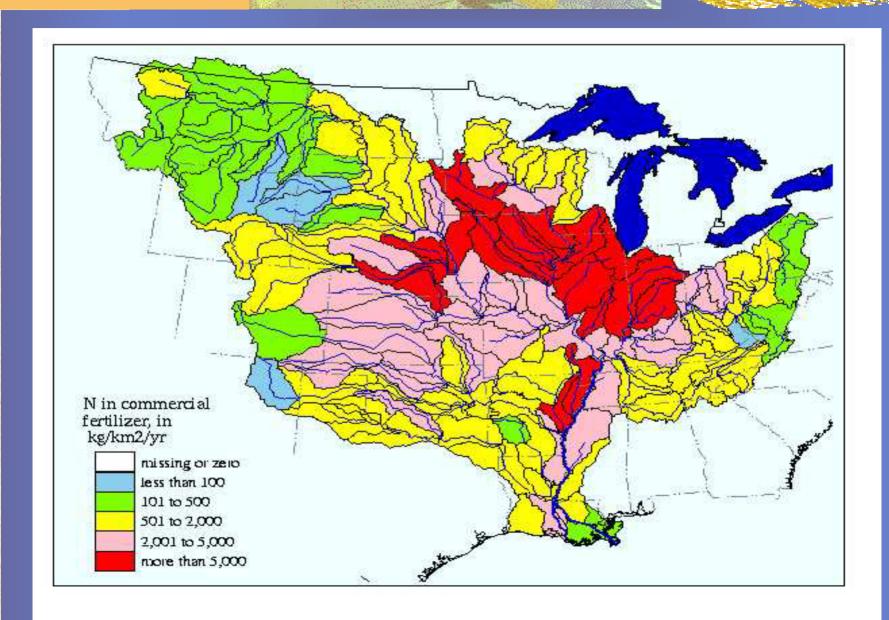


Hypoxia in the Pontchartrain Basin and the Gulf of Mexico

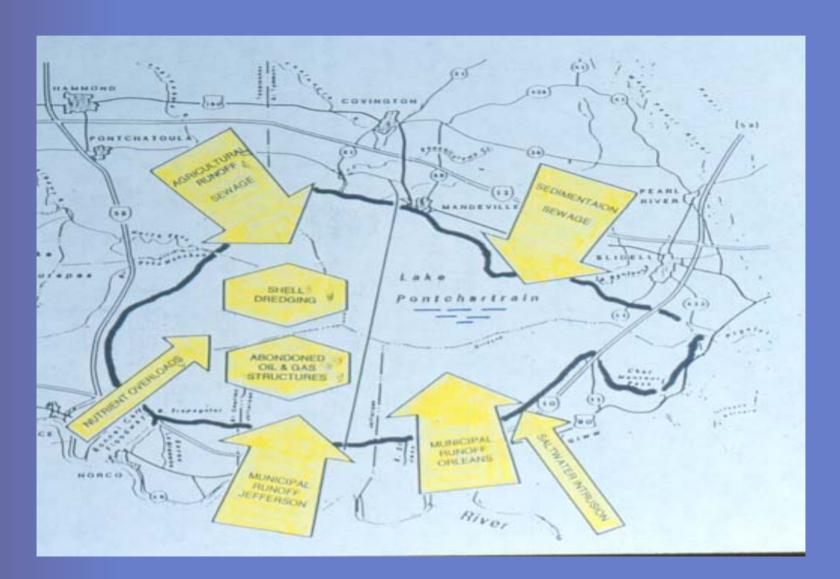
Sources

MISSISSIPPI – ATCHAFALAYA RIVER BASIN

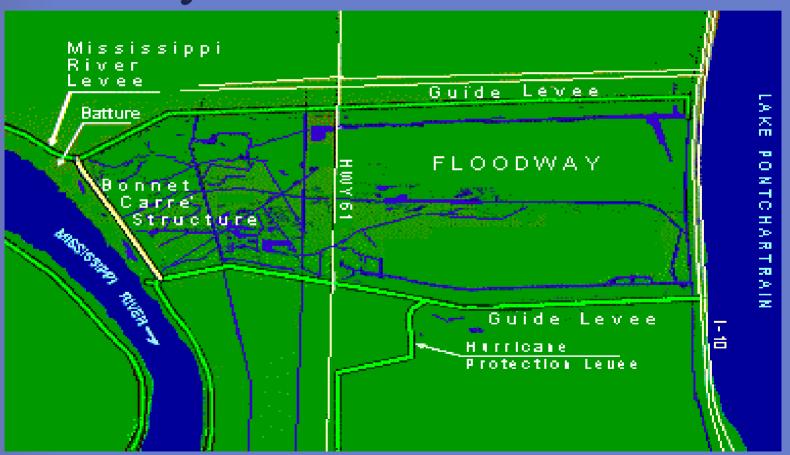




Pollution Sources



Pathway between River & Lake



Opening spillway gates



Water flowing from Miss. River to Basin



Agricultural Runoff



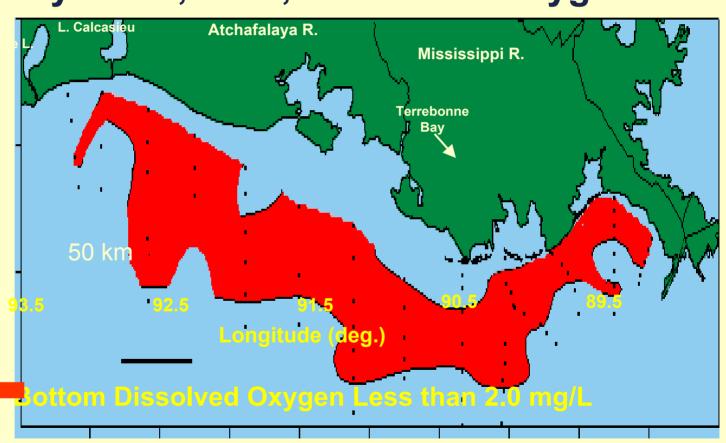
Livestock Runoff



Impacts

Creation of hypoxic zone

July 23-28, 1999, Shelfwide Oxygen Survey



(Rabalais, Turner & Wiseman)

30.0

ත් ම 29.5

) 29.0

28.5

Impacts

• "Far afield" effects

Gulf Shrimping



Menhaden fishery



Basin Fishing



Related fishery industries



Mainstay of Louisiana diet



Interventions

Interventions

Adoption of plan

- Implementation of steps
 - Including creation of sub basin committees
- Commitment to voluntary, locally led, nonregulatory, practical and cost effective actions

Farm bill funding of best management practices related to run off such as no till drill planting



Hoped-For Outcomes

- Reduction in size of hypoxic zone
- Restoration of local watersheds throughout the Mississippi River watershed
 General improvement of Quality of Life throughout the watershed

Identifying Relevant Human Activities and Developing Metrics

Social, Political, Economic Indicators

Measures of sources

- Measures of impacts
- Identify and measure successful interventions

Measures of social and political outcomes

Relevant Concepts

- Enhancement of attachment to environment
- Utilizing of attachment to specific related symbols, activities to generate participation
- Broadly shared learning process about cause/effect linkages
- Aggressive mobilization of citizens/governments
- Commitment of resources
 - to mobilize concern and awareness
 - to develop and implement alternative "best practices"
- To regulate with commitment to enforcement